(v) In Form K, for the words and brackets—

"(Fee—Five Rupees in Stamps)" the words and brackets "(Fee — Seven Rupees and Eight Annas / Ten Rupees in shall be substituted.

(vi) In Form L, for the words and brackets—

"(Fee—Rupees Twenty in Stamps)," the words and brackets "(Fee—Thirty Rupees in Stamps)" Stamps)" psshall be substituted.

C. E. SURYANARAYANA RAU,
Chief Inspector of Mines and Explosives in Mysore.

Oorgaum, 21st March 1934.

FORM EE.

(ARTICLE 8 OF SCHEDULE 1).

(Free of charge to cultivators for agricultural purposes)
(Fee—Two Rupees in Stamps for non-agricultural purposes)

LICENSE TO POSSESS GUNPOWDER REQUIRED FOR BLASTING PURPOSES.

(Granted by the District Magistrate or any Magistrate of the First Class or any Magistrate of the Second Class specially authorised by the District Magistrate in this behalf) : –

Name, etc. of License	Place of residence	Place with full details, where gunpowder is to be possessed	Maximum quantity of gunpowder (not exceeding 30 lbs.) to be kept at any one time	Date on which license expires

(Seal)

.....District (Signature)
Dated.....193 . *of District Magistrate.*

CONDITIONS.

1. This license is granted subject to the provisions of the Mysore Explosives Regulation, II of 1888, and Rules thereunder.

2. The gunpowder shall be kept, within a building, in a substantial case, strong close-knit double canvas or cloth bag, canister or other receptacle made and closed so as to prevent the gunpowder from

escaping and unauthorised persons from having access thereto, and secured from danger from without.

3. All articles or substances of an explosive or highly inflammable nature shall be kept at a safe distance from the gunpowder and from any room or part of a building, fireproof safe or receptacle containing the same and no person entering such room or part of any building or such safe or receptacle shall have any iron or steel in his posssesion or attached to or on his boots or shoes.

4. The receptacle in which the gunpowder is kept shall not have any exposed iron or steel in the interior thereof.

5. The licensee shall at the time of purchase have the following particulars endorsed upon his license by the vendor from whom he purchases and under the vendor's signature :—

(*a*) the name and address of the person who takes delivery of the articles purchased ;
(*b*) the nature and amount of the articles purchased ; and
(*c*) the date of purchase.

6. All losses, shortage of stock or thefts of gunpowder shall be reported without delay to the nearest Police Station.

The Licensee shall observe the following precautions in carrying out blasting operations.

7. All blasting operations should as far as possible be conducted by a certified blaster.

8. During the preparation of charges and the charging of holes and while explosives are being handled, smoking should be strictly prohibited. All lights should be removed to a safe distance.

9. In charging or stemming holes, the use of any iron or steel tool, scraper or rod is prohibited.

10. Even with wooden or copper implements the charge should be pressed home gently in the borehole, and never rammed with any force that may result in dangerous friction.

11. No more than six holes at a time in a place exceeding 60 sq. feet and not more than four holes in smaller area, should be fired in the same round ; the number to be reduced in the case of deep narrow wells.

12. The number of shots which explode must be counted independently by at least two persons, one of whom should be the blaster. Unless both are certain that all the charges have exploded, the working place must not be re-entered until the place is free from noxious gases.

13. After blasting has taken place the blaster or person in charge of the working place, should be the first to re-enter the place and until he has pronounced that there was no misfire and that the place is sufficiently free from fumes, he should not permit any other person to enter except for the purpose of making it safe.

14. Before drilling is commenced, all loose rock must be removed from the working face and if any sockets or portions of holes which have not broken are found, they should be securely plugged with wooden plugs of which a supply should always be provided.

15. In the event of a misfire (or charge failing to explode properly) having occurred or being suspected, the blaster should be the first to re-enter the working place. He should search for the misfire

and, if necessary, may have the place cleaned up for the purpose; but he should permit no other work.

16. Boaring out or deepening holes once charged or withdrawing a charge either before firing or after misfire, must not be attempted.

17. The person in charge of the working place should point out the position and direction of every new hole to be drilled and should be responsible that the drillers do not deviate therefrom. The greatest care should be taken to see that new hole is bored in such a direction that it can come in dangerous proximity to any old hole or socket in which explosives have previously been charged.

18. A fuse which has apparently missed or is hanging fire should not be approached for at least half an hour.

19. The rate of burning of fuse employed should be determined beforehand and requisite lengths of approved quality should be used.

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